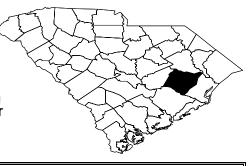


Diabetes in





Produced by the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control

Impact of Diabetes in the United States

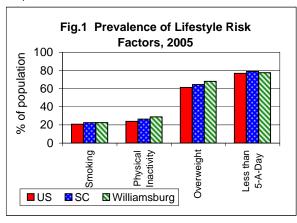
- Diabetes affects more than 23 million Americans and contributes to almost 234,000 deaths a year.
- Diabetes is becoming more common in the United States. From 1980 through 2007, the number of Americans with diabetes increased from 5.6 million to 17.9 million
- The direct and indirect costs of diabetes in the U.S. were nearly \$174 billion in 2007.
- 72,507 people died of diabetes in the U.S. in 2006.

Diabetes in South Carolina

- Approximately 332,000 adults in South Carolinians are diagnosed with diabetes. African Americans have twice the prevalence than Whites.
- The total direct costs of hospitalizations and emergency room visits were over \$8.5 billion in 2005.
- Diabetes is the seventh leading cause of death in South Carolina, claiming 1,183 lives in 2005.

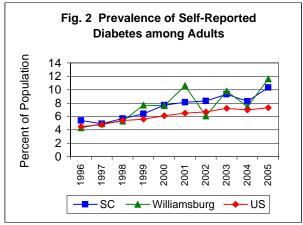
Behavioral Risk Factors

Major behavioral risk factors, such as overweight, physical inactivity and unhealthy diet, are partially responsible for development of type 2 diabetes (Fig 1).



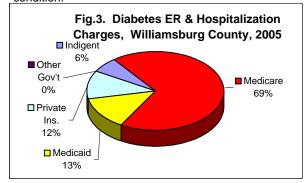
Diabetes Prevalence

■ An estimated 3053 adults (11.6% of adults) in Williamsburg County suffer annually from Diabetes (Fig 2).



Hospital and Emergency Room Discharges

- In 2005, there were 140 hospitalizations for Diabetes in Williamsburg County for all ages.
- There were an additional 1061 hospital discharges with diabetes-related conditions in Williamsburg County.
- In 2005, there were 233 emergency room (ER) visits for diabetes as the primary diagnosis, among which 202 (87%) were by African-American patients.
- There were 1123 ER visits for diabetes as a related condition.



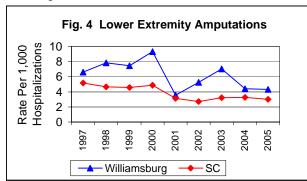
 Medicare paid for 69% of the ER and Hospitalization charges in Williamsburg County (Fig 3).

Complications

- Almost all patients (97%)hospitalized in SC for diabetes had complications in 2005; 28% of hospitalizations in Williamsburg County (Table 1).
- In 2005, nearly three-quarters of people in SC with diabetes had hypertension, compared with only onefourth of people without diabetes.

Table 1. Hospitalizations for Diabetes Complications in Williamsburg County in 2005.			
Diabetes Complication	Hospital Admissions	Percent of Diabetes Hospital Admissions	Total costs
Renal Failure	225	19%	\$6,131,400
Lower Extremity Amputation	22	2%	\$875,900
Keto-acidosis	25	2%	\$412,800
Retinopathy	60	5%	\$1,962,800

- In 2005, more than 60% of people with diabetes have high cholesterol.
- In 2005, the rates for lower extremity amputations among blacks in SC were four times the rates among whites.



For More Information about diabetes contact:

Division of Diabetes Prevention and Control:

For more details, please view the Technical Document below

DHEC Bureau of Community Health and Chronic Disease Prevention <u>www.scdhec.gov/health/epidata/docs/EpiTechNotes.pdf</u>

http://www.dhec.sc.gov/health/chcdp/diabetes/index.htm (803) 545-4471

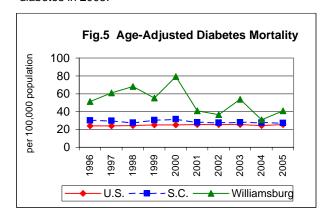
Diabetes Initiative of South Carolina http://www.musc.edu/diabetes/

Generated by: Office of Chronic Disease Epidemiology, **Bueau of Community Health and Chronic Disease** Prevention

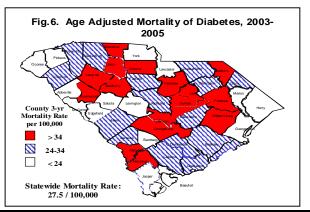
http://www.scdhec.gov/hs/epidata/state_reports.htm

Mortality

- Diabetes is the fifth leading cause of death in Williamsburg County.
- A total of 16 people in Williamsburg County died from diabetes in 2005.

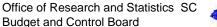


- Williamsburg County mortality 40.8/100,000 in 2005, above the state average.
- Williamsburg County ranks #7 in diabetes mortality in South Carolina 2003-2005.



Data Sources:





Hospital Discharges and ER Visits, contact:

